## **Air Force Installation & Mission Support Center**



# PFAS Impacts to Drinking Water and Mitigation Measures

**Ellsworth AFB** 

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## **Purpose**



To provide an overview of off-Base PFAS impacts to drinking water and the mitigation measures taken at Ellsworth AFB



## **Overview**



- Background
- Off-Base PFAS Drinking Water Impacts
- **■** Mitigation Measures
- Communication Strategy



## Background



- PFAS are man-made chemicals found in commonly used products
  - Fire fighting foam
  - Nonstick cookware (Teflon)
  - Stain-resistant fabric/carpet (Scotchgard)
  - Food packaging
- 1970 Air Force began using aqueous filmforming foam (AFFF)
- May 2016 EPA established Lifetime Health Advisories for PFOS/PFOA in drinking water
- November 2016 Ellsworth discontinued use of legacy AFFF

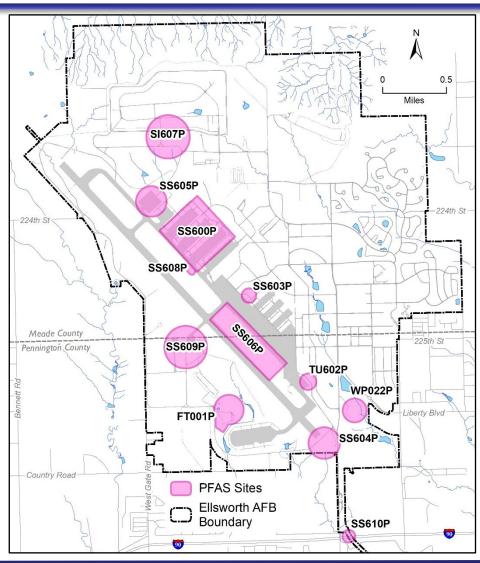




## Background



- 2015 Basewide Preliminary Assessment identified 12 locations for further investigation
- 2019 Basewide Site Inspection completed
  - PFAS impacts identified in soil, shallow groundwater, surface water, and sediment
  - PFAS appeared to be migrating off-Base in groundwater and surface water
  - Prompted off-Base drinking water well survey
- 2020 Basewide Remedial Investigation initiated





## Background



### Ellsworth AFB drinking water:

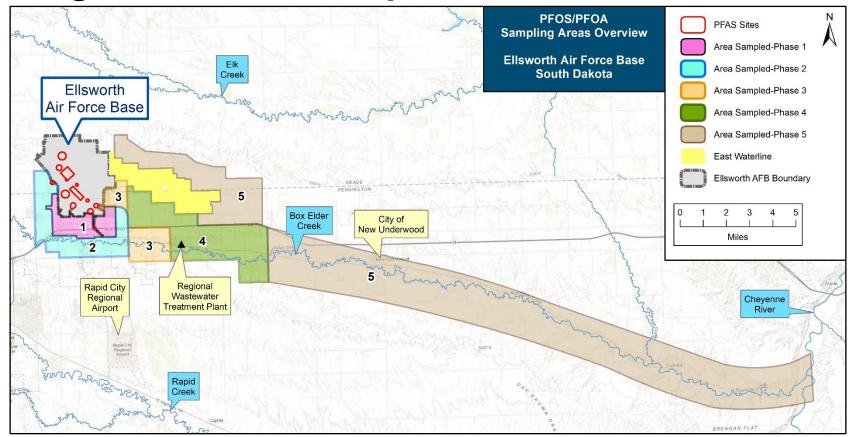
- Supplied from Rapid City municipal system
- Not impacted (sampled in 2016, 2021, and 2023)
- City of Box Elder drinking water:
  - Supplied from deep (>4,000 feet) Madison Aquifer wells
  - Not impacted (sampled in 2018)



## Off-Base PFAS Drinking Water Impacts



- 2018-2019 Five-phase drinking water well survey and sampling
- 117 drinking water wells sampled for PFAS





## Off-Base PFAS Drinking Water Impacts



23 off-Base drinking water wells (94 residences) identified with PFOS/PFOA > 2016 Lifetime Health Advisories





## Drinking Water Well Mitigation Measures – Individual Residences



- Bottled water provided within 48 hours to 94 residences
  - Still providing bottled water at 3 residences (3 wells)
- Connected 6 properties (4 wells) to existing municipal systems
- Installed, operate, and maintain 20 household treatment systems (16 wells)
- Quarterly sampling where PFOS/PFOA results were less than 2016 Lifetime Health Advisories but above ½ Lifetime Health Advisories
  - 1 well still in program now sampled annually



Typical household treatment system



## Drinking Water Well Mitigation Measures – Mobile Home Park



### ■ Installed, operate, and maintain well-head treatment system



Bag filter assembly and equilibration tank



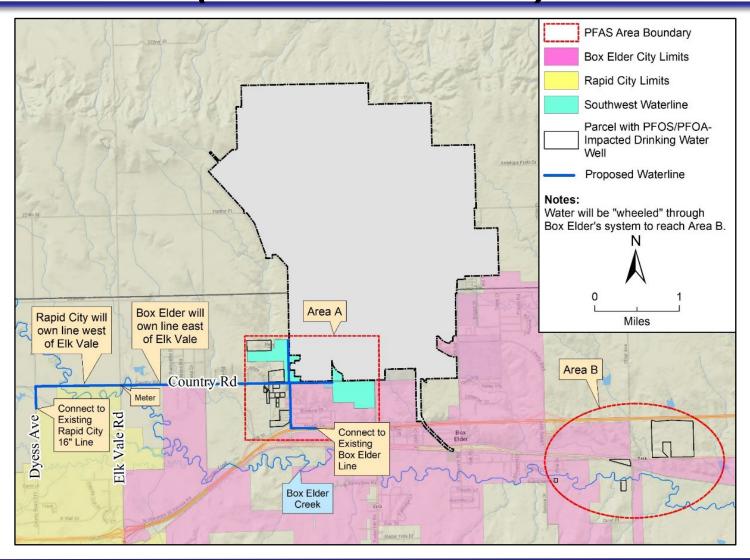
Ion exchange resin treatment vessel



## Long-Term Mitigation Measures (Areas A and B)



- New water distribution system
  - Air Force Provide funding
  - South Dakota Ellsworth
    Development Authority
    (SDEDA) Build system
  - Rapid City Provide water
  - Box Elder Operate system
- Handshake agreement announced at a press conference on Jan 31, 2023
- Currently working to formalize agreements

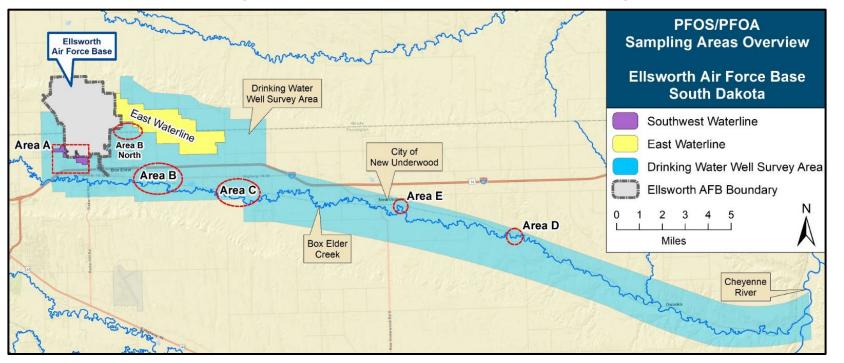




## Long-Term Mitigation Measures (Areas C, D, and E)



- Area C Connect to Sunset Ranch community water system 2023
- Area D Drill replacement shallow well Test well installed May 2023
- Area E Non-Environmental Restoration Program funds were used to purchase the property for wetlands banking for the new B-21 mission (completed in 2021)





## Communication Strategy



- Quarterly Newsletters
  - Mailed to 270+ off-Base residents and local/state officials
  - Most recent issue June 2023
  - Next Issue September 2023
- Community Town Halls (hosted by Pennington) County)
  - Last meeting March 2023
  - Next meeting March 2024
- Administrative Record Website
  - https://ar.afcec-cloud.af.mil/
  - Search for "Air Force Administrative Record"



### **ELLSWORTH AIR FORCE BASE**



### June 2023 | Issue 25

### **NEXT NEWSLETTER**

The next newsletter will be released in September 2023

### VISIT OUR WEBSITE

https://www.ellsworth.af.mil/ About-Us/Environmental View the following

- Past newsletters
- PFAS Updates
- Presentations
- · Public announcements

### CONTACT **PUBLIC AFFAIRS**

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### FOR MORE INFORMATION

Visit the Administrative **Record Website** 

#### https://ar.afcec-cloud.af.mil/

- . From the "Installation List" on the left, scroll down and select "Ellsworth AFB. SD" (for Ellsworth) or "Badlands AFR, SD" (for the Air Force Retained Area of the Former Badlands Bombing
- . If you know the AR number enter it next to "AR #" and click "Search"
- · Click on the eve icon to
- · Numerous other search blocks can be used

### Keeping residents informed of cleanup activities

### Air Force Partners with Oglala Sioux Tribe to Jointly Manage Air Force Retained Area of the Former Badlands Bombing Range

The former Badlands Bombing Range is transferred to the Department of Interior located within the Pine Ridge Reservation Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA). In an August in South Dakota. The 341,719-acre range 17, 2016 letter (AR #8453), the BIA declined was acquired by the U.S. War Department to accept the land due to potential environin 1942 for military training during World mental liability and suggested legislative War 2. A majority of the land was acquired action to allow the property to transfer by purchase or condemnation of private directly to the OST. property. According to a 1981 Oglala Sioux The 2020 Record of Decision (AR #8643) Tribe (OST) report, 125 to 130 families were documented the selected remedy to permanently displaced before winter 1942.

Range was returned from 1948 to 1977. The use controls with approved surface uses Air Force retained 2,486 acres now known (cattle grazing, OST cultural activities, and as the "Air Force Retained Area" (see reverse for location) due to unexploded ordnance (UXO) remaining from its use as an artillery range by the S.D. Army National Guard in the 1960s and 1970s.

controlled by Ellsworth AFB, though it has to educate the public on UXO safety. been the longstanding mutual goal of the Air Force and OST (formalized in the 2008 Tribal Consultation Plan [AR # 6595]) to return ownership of the land.

Numerous UXO removals were completed in the past. The most recent was completed in 2011 by qualified UXO Technicians under contract to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Following the 2011 Removal Action, there is no known or suspected UXO in surface soil (less than 2 feet) at the Air Force Retained Area. However, the potential exists for UXO to be present in subsurface soil and along the White River escarpment

There is currently no legal mechanism to transfer the land directly to the OST. In accordance with Public Law 90-468, if the Air Force surrendered the land it would be

address UXO hazards at the Air Force Retained Area. The selected remedy is land hunting or other recreational uses).

Although the original goal of returning the Air Force Retained Area has not yet been realized, the Air Force provides funds to the OST's Badlands Bombing Range Depart-The Air Force Retained Area is remote land ment to co-manage land use controls and

> Additionally, Ellsworth AFB is currently working to develop a grazing plan with the goal of co-managing the natural resources

For further information about the Air Force Retained Area, see the Administrative





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